

HAWC: A Next Generation All-Sky VHE Gamma-Ray Telescope



Collaboration

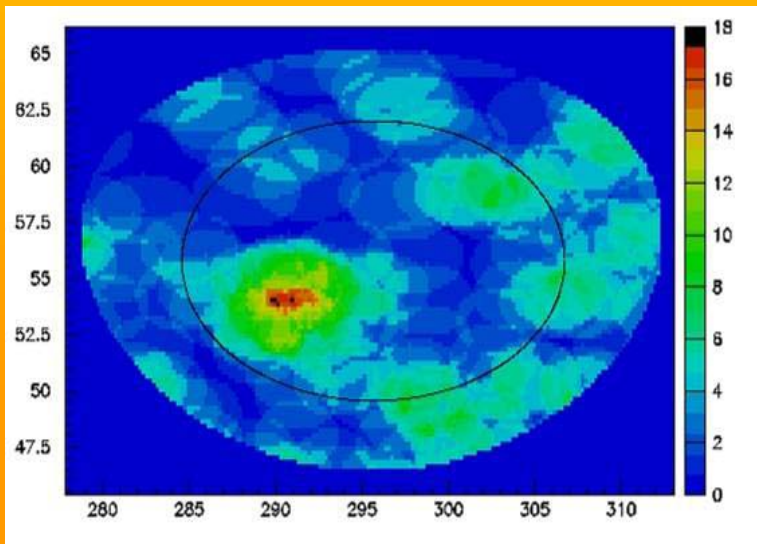
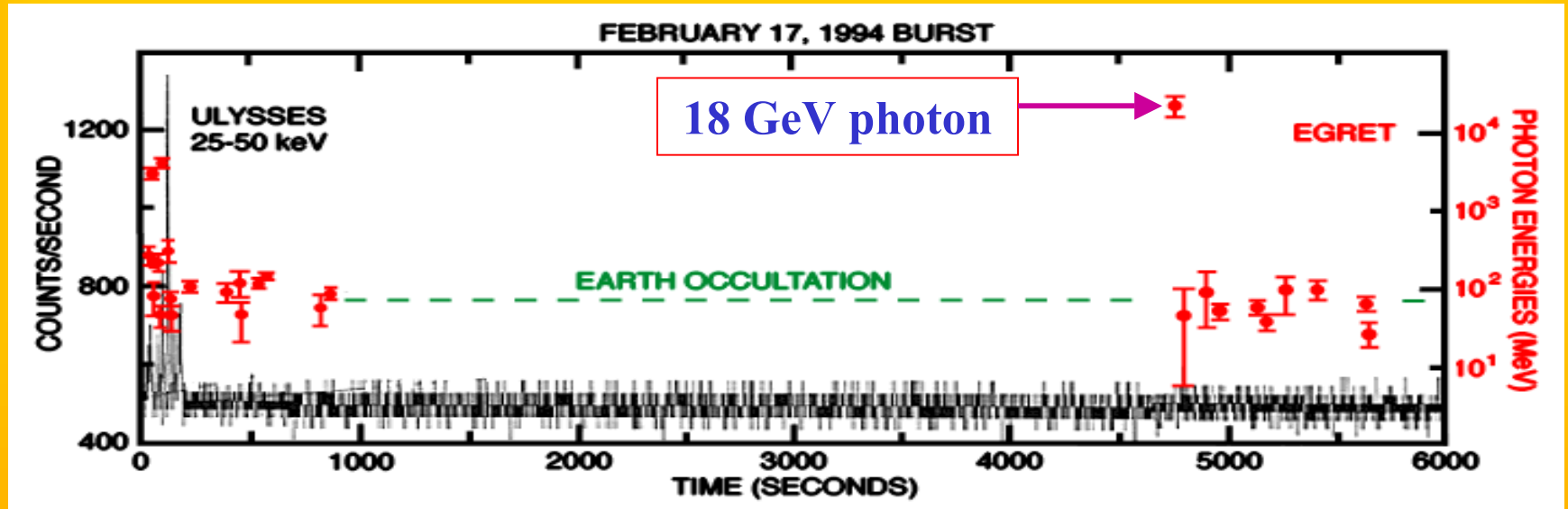
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6. Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD
7. New York University, New York, NY
8. U.C. Irvine, Irvine, CA

The Need for HAWC

- GLAST
 - Will discover 1000's of sources
 - Many variable
 - ACTs can monitor ~15/year at stated sensitivity
- GRBs
 - Detect highest energy photons in prompt phase
- AGNs
 - Detect/Monitor AGN at redshift < 0.3
 - Study AGN transients in VHE regime
 - Populations studies
- Fundamental Physics
 - Lorentz violation at high energies (quantum gravity?)
 - Dark matter
- Sensitive Sky Survey (~ 40 mCrab/sqrt(#yrs))
- Time Domain Astrophysics in the VHE Regime
 - Extreme states of extreme systems

GRBs: High Energy Emission



GRB 970417a – Milagrito

10^{-3} chance probability

>650 GeV photons

Quantum Gravity

- Quantum gravity may violate Lorentz invariance
- Most theories predict energy dependent speed of light
 - Interactions with Planck mass particles distort spacetime: yielding larger distances for HE gammas
 - Planck scale vacuum fluctuations probed by HE gammas
- Dynamics of the theory unknown
- Explore possible modifications to dispersion relation (Amelino-Camelia *et al.*)

$$m^2 \cong E^2 - p^2 \left(1 - \eta \frac{E}{E_{QG}} \right)$$

For photons this leads to an energy dependent velocity

$$v \approx c \left(1 - \frac{\eta}{2} \frac{E}{E_{QG}} \right)$$

Quantum Gravity & GRBs

For $E=1$ TeV: $E/E_{QG} = 10^{-16}$

Distant sources of HE γ -rays can amplify this effect

$$\Delta t \approx \eta \frac{LE}{cE_{QG}} = 40\eta z E_{TeV} \text{ sec}$$

Figure of Merit: $E_{probe} = 4 \times 10^{17} \frac{z E_{GeV}}{\Delta t_{sec}}$

A single detection allows one to set a compelling limit

To prove an effect from QG requires multiple GRBs at different redshifts

GLAST

- $E = 30$ GeV
- $\Delta t = 1$ sec
- $z = 1$
- $E_{probe} = 1.2 E_{Planck}$

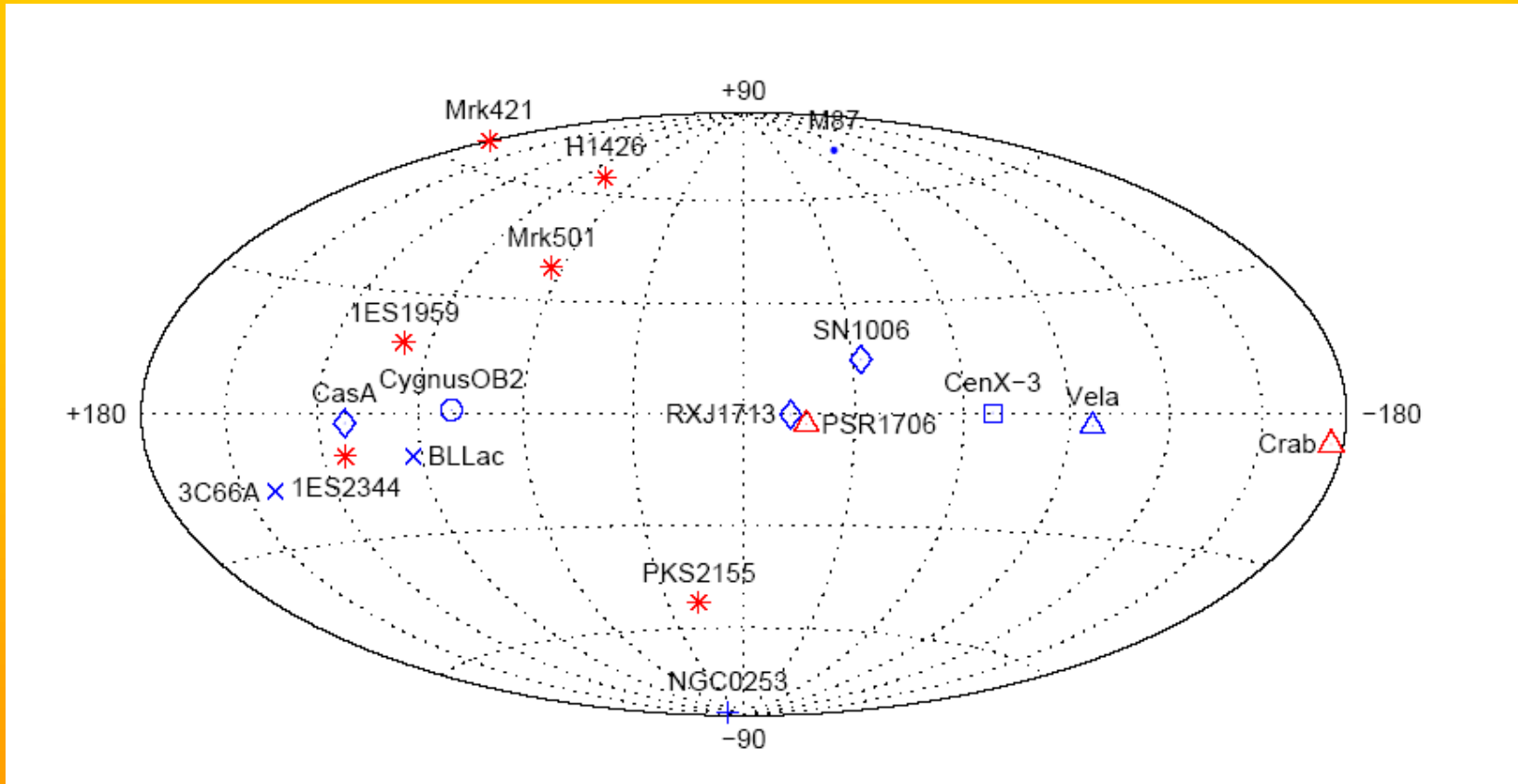
Milagro

- $E = 300$ GeV
- $\Delta t = 1$ sec
- $z = 0.2$
- $E_{probe} = 2.5 E_{Planck}$

HAWC

- $E = 50$ GeV
- $\Delta t = 1$ sec
- $z = 1$
- $E_{probe} = 2 E_{Planck}$

VHE Sky Map

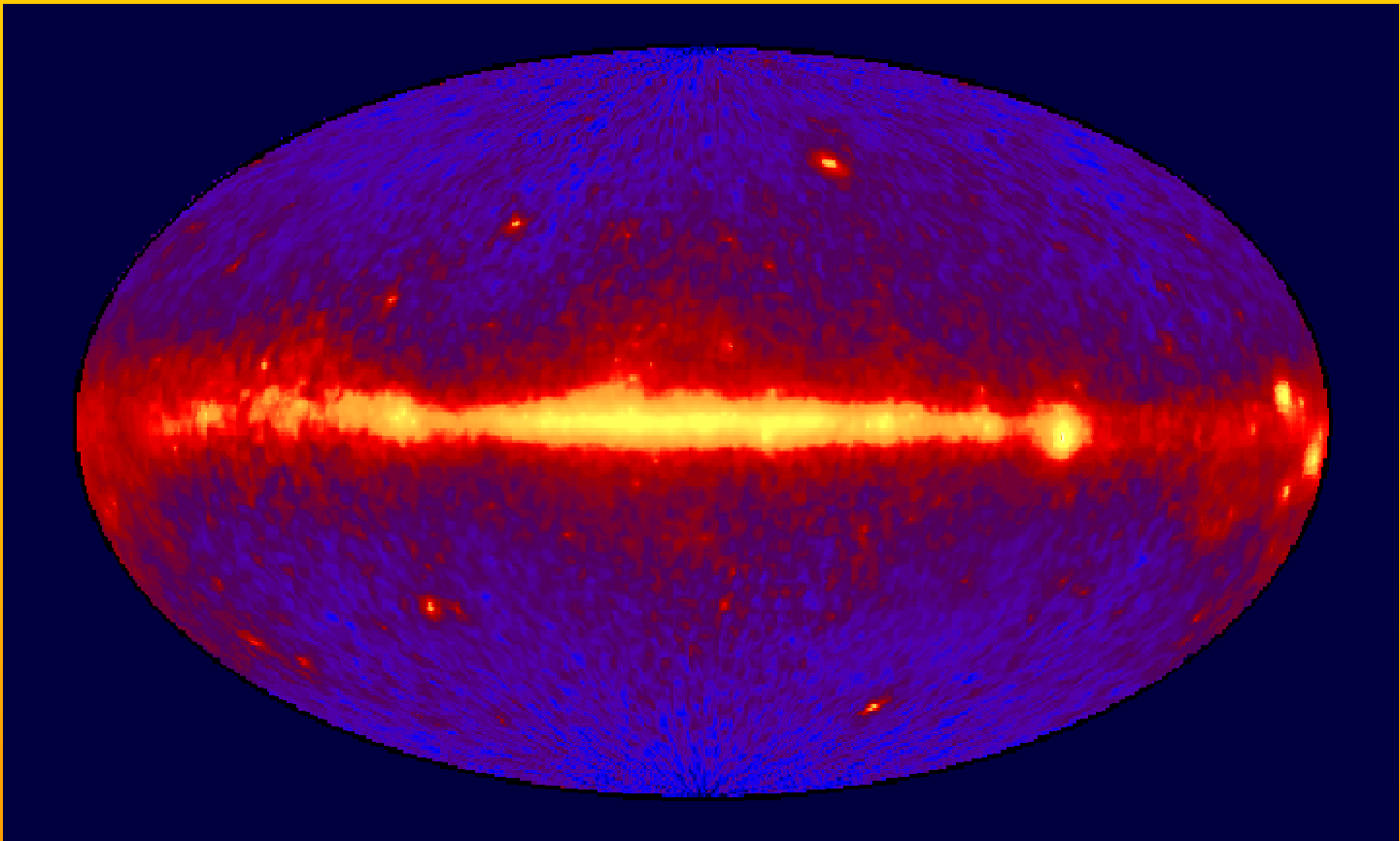


8 verified (A) sources, 5 B sources, 5 C sources
10 extragalactic source, 8 galactic

Horan & Weekes 2003

EGRET Sky Map

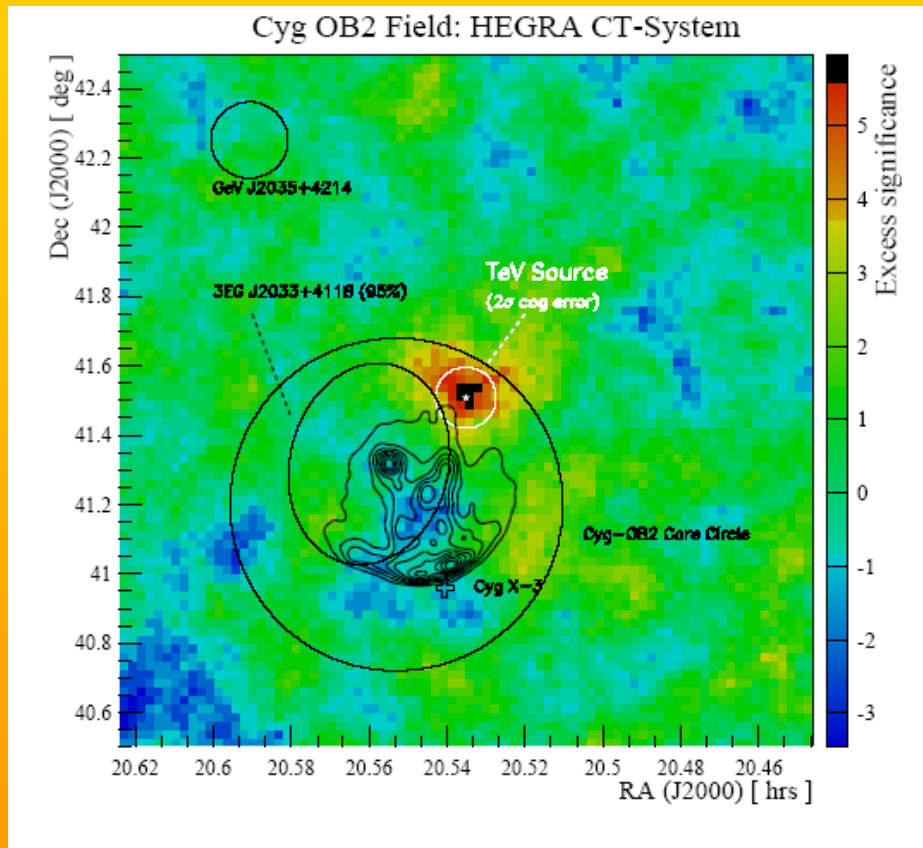
EGRET All-Sky Gamma Ray Survey Above 100 MeV



270 sources (150 unidentified)

6 GRBs (in 9 years)

The First Unidentified TeV Source



HEGRA: Deep observation

113 hours of observation (3 years)

4.6 σ significance

30 mCrab strength

Centered on Cygnus OB2 (dense region of young, massive stars)

Possibly an extended source

Current Status of VHE Astronomy

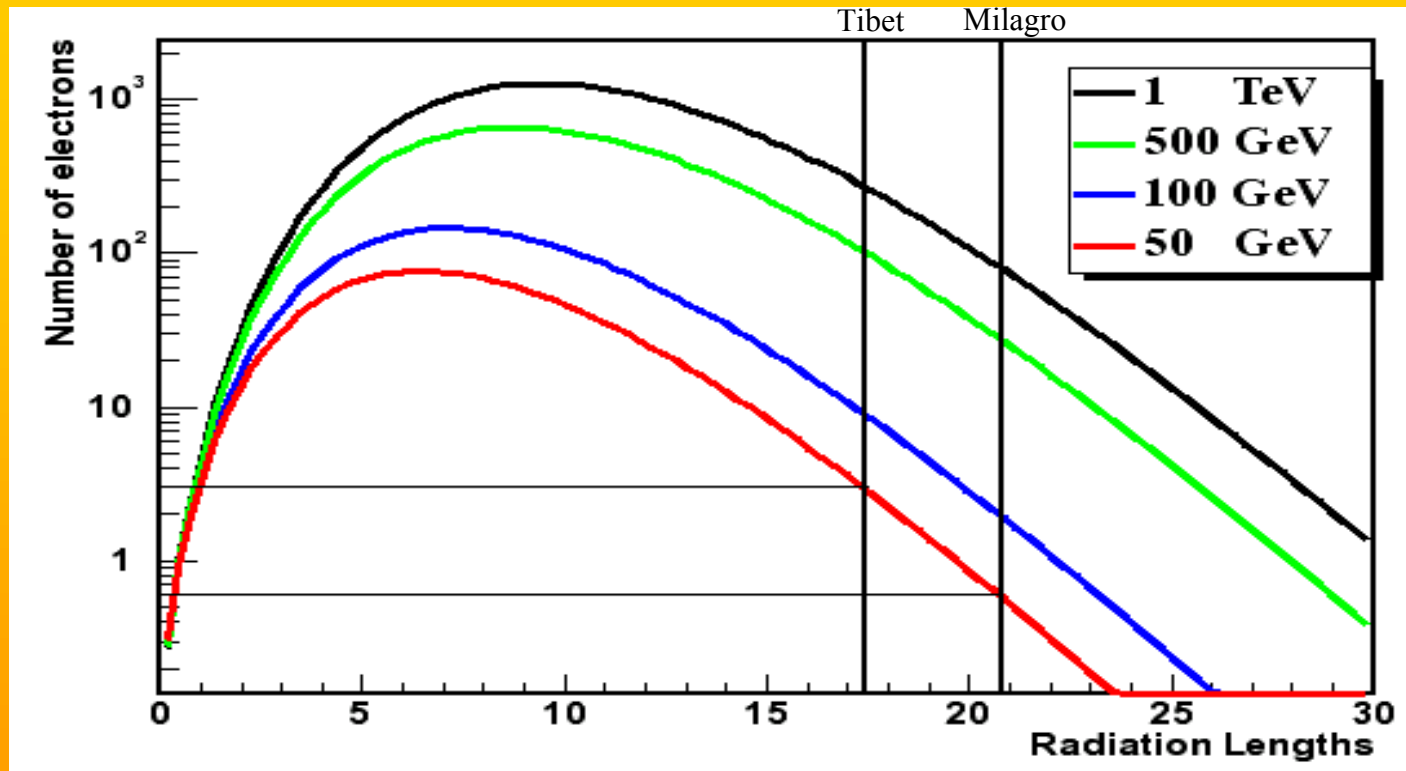
- Only 8 confirmed sources (89, 92, 2x95, 97, 2x99, 2002)
- 1 unidentified source
- Lack of sources due to:
 - Small field of view of sensitive instruments (ACTs)
 - Low sensitivity of all-sky instruments (Milagro, AS γ)
- Small source counts lead to poor understanding of VHE sources
- VHE GRBs inconclusive (Milagrero)
- HAWC – high sensitivity over entire sky
 - Detect/Discover many sources
 - Monitor transient sources
 - Discover VHE emission from GRBs
 - Limit/Measure effects of quantum gravity
 - Develop time domain astrophysics in VHE regime

HAWC Performance Requirements

- Low Energy Threshold < 50 GeV
 - GRBs visible to redshift ~ 1
 - Near known GRB energy
 - AGN to redshift ~ 0.3
- Large fov (~ 2 sr) / High duty cycle ($\sim 100\%$)
 - GRBs prompt emission
 - AGN transients
 - Time domain astrophysics
- Large Area / Good Background Rejection
 - High signal rate
 - Ability to detect Crab Nebula in single transit
- Moderate Energy Resolution ($\sim 40\%$)
 - Measure GRB spectra (inter-pulse spectra)
 - Measure AGN flaring spectra

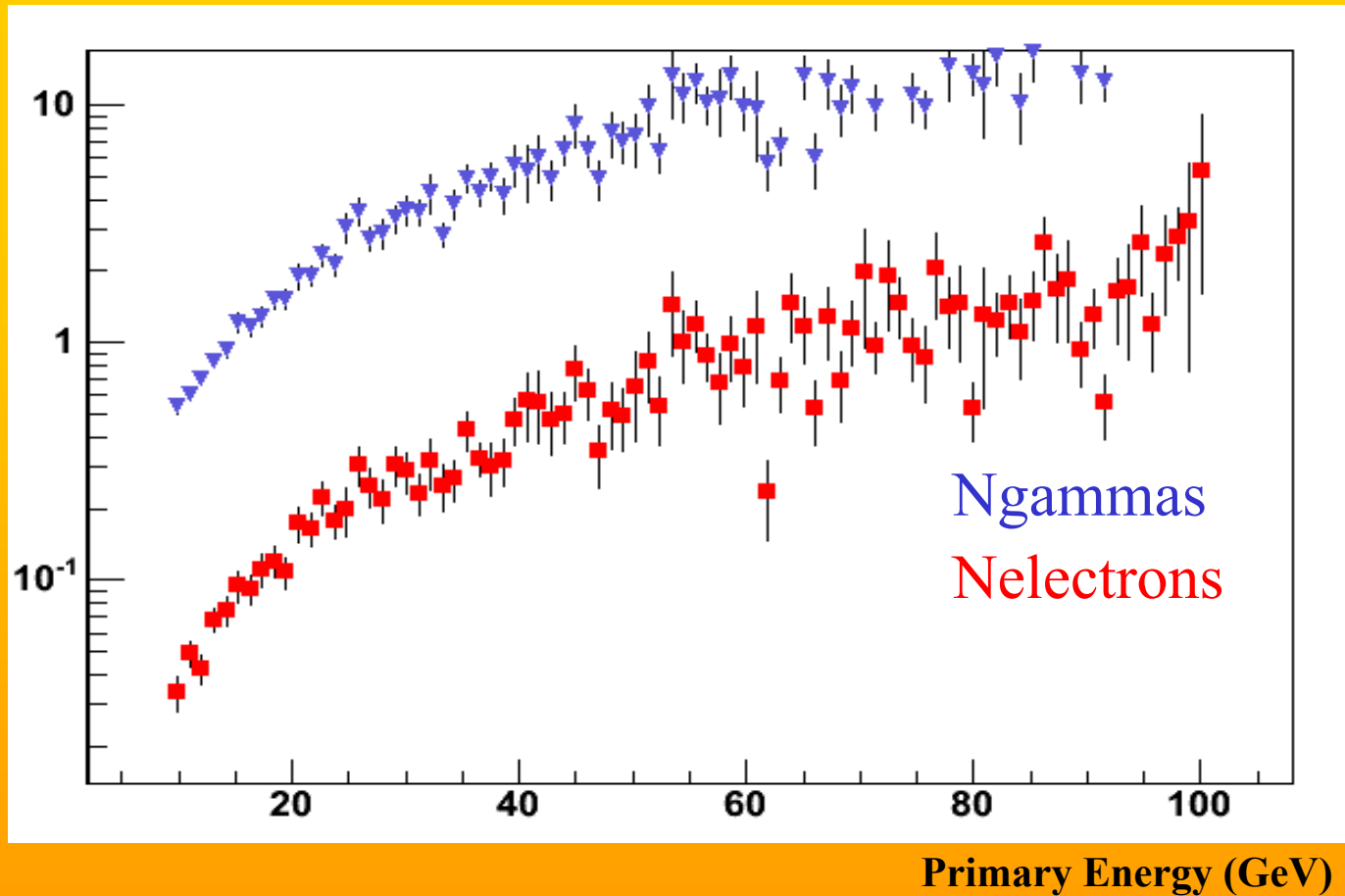
Effect of Altitude

Approximation B



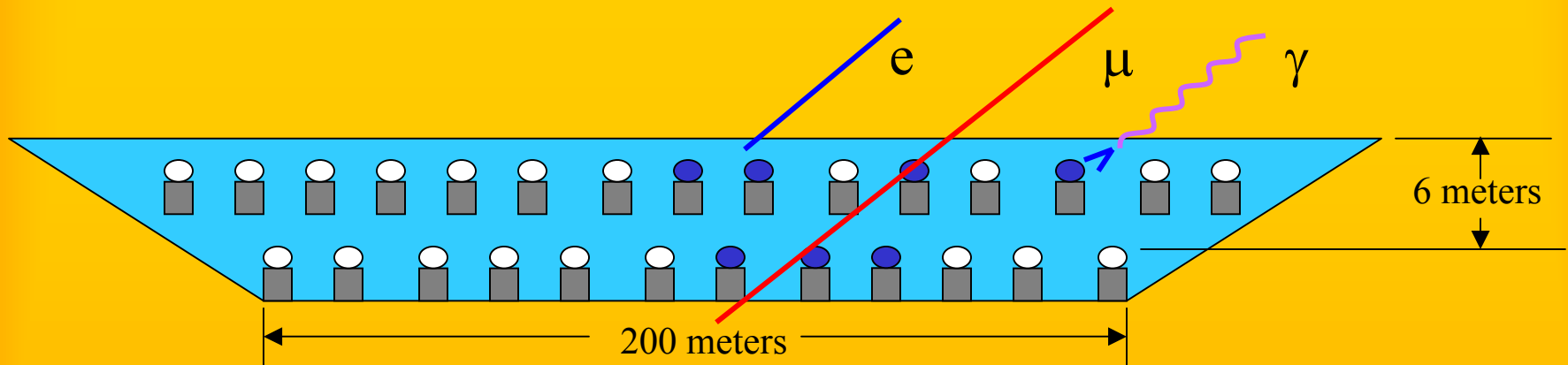
Low Energy Threshold Requires High Altitude

EAS Particle Content



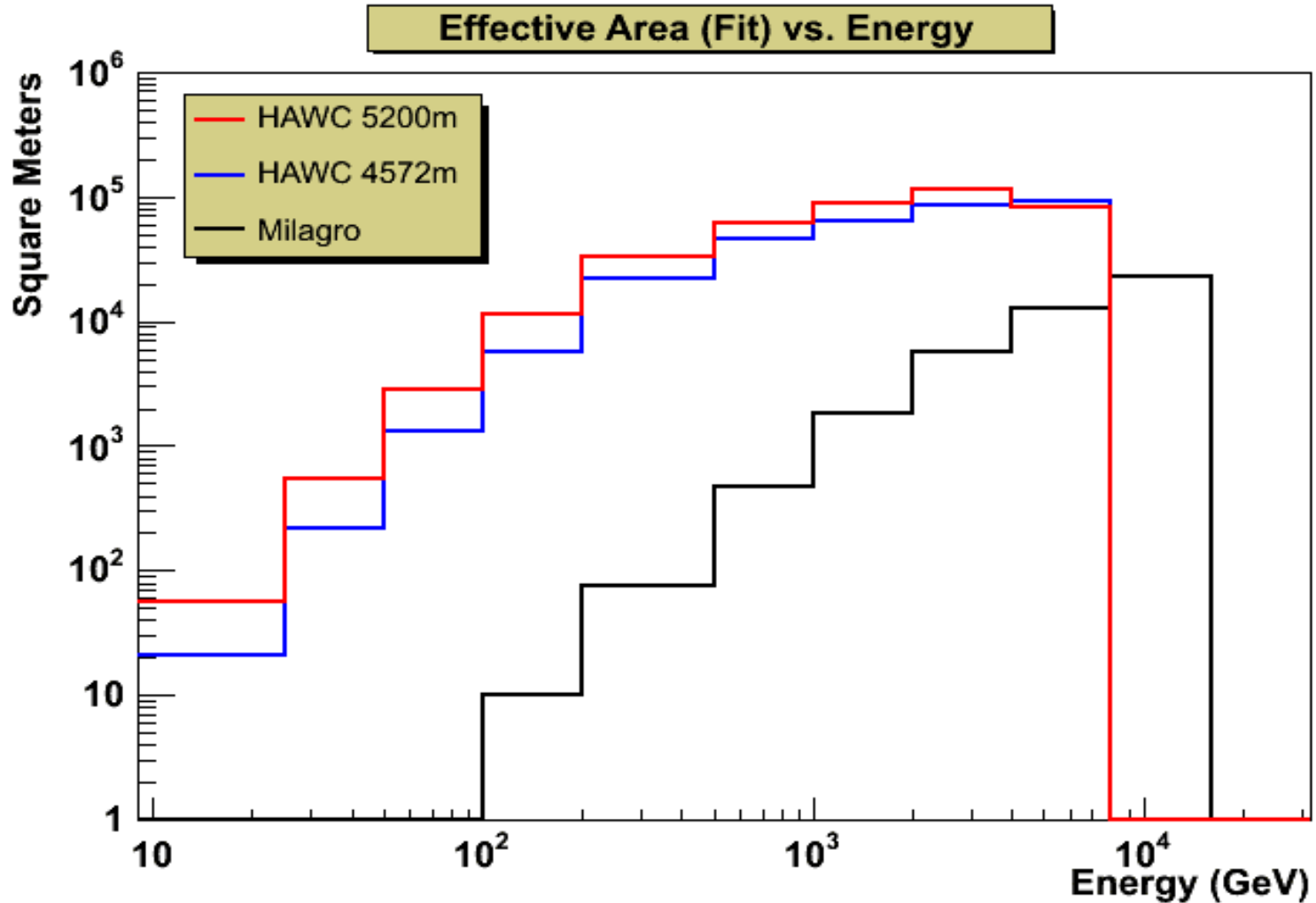
Low Energy Threshold Requires Detection
of Gamma Rays in EAS

HAWC Strawman Design



- 200m x 200m water Cherenkov detector
- Two layers of 8" PMTs on a 2.7 meter grid
 - Top layer under 1.5m water (trigger & angle)
 - Bottom layer under 6m water (energy & particle ID)
 - ~10,000 PMTs total (5,000 top and 5000 bottom)
 - Trigger: >50 PMTs in top layer
- Two altitudes investigated
 - 4500 m (~Tibet, China)
 - 5200 m (Atacama desert Chile)

Effective Area vs. Energy



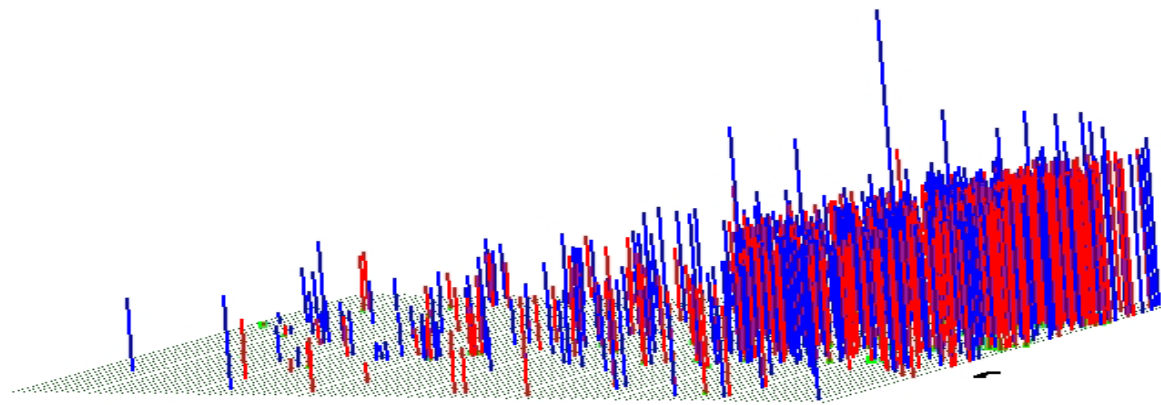
Reconstructed events

Event Reconstruction

MONTE CARLO
Primary: Gamma
Energy (TeV) : 0.99
Core: 76.92 -66.17
N PMTs : 677 1222 0
NB2 PEMax 509 192
X2: 2.65

Legend:

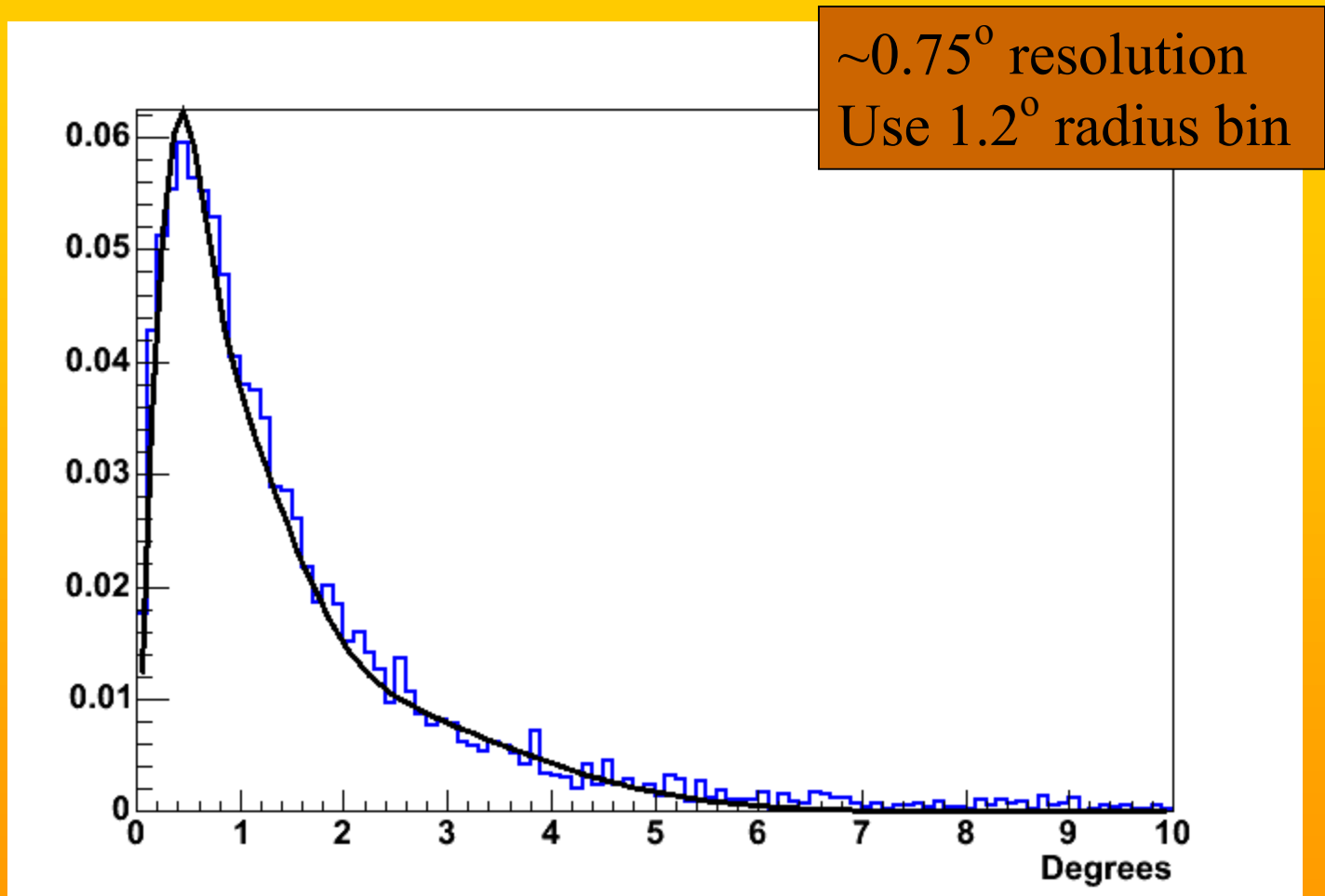
Monte Carlo:
Theta 15.94
Phi 156.86



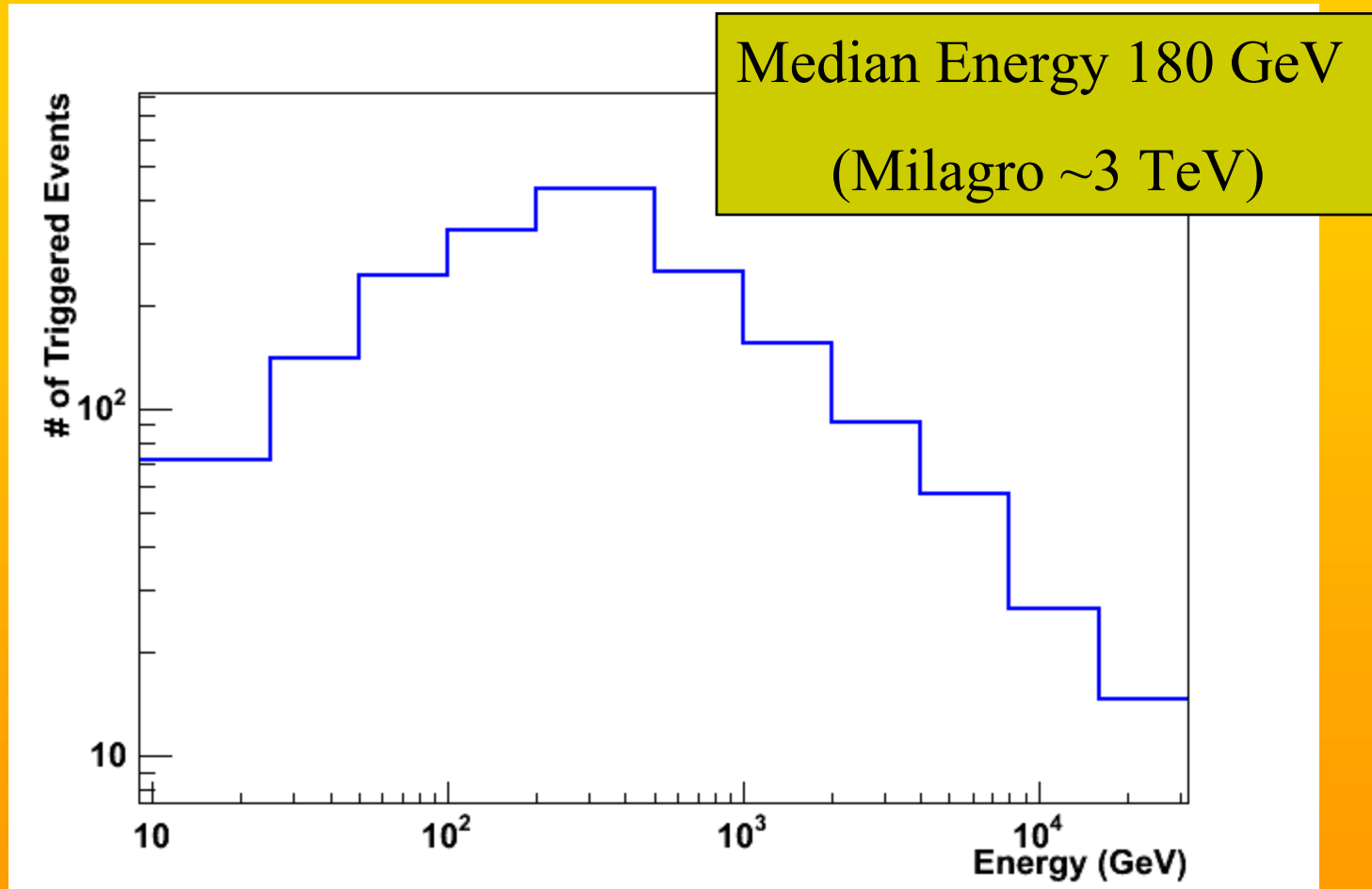
Fit Information:
Theta 15.87
Phi 156.69
N Fit: 403
Delta 0.08
Mu/Hadrons/P's: 0 / 0 / 0

Time (ns)

Angular Resolution



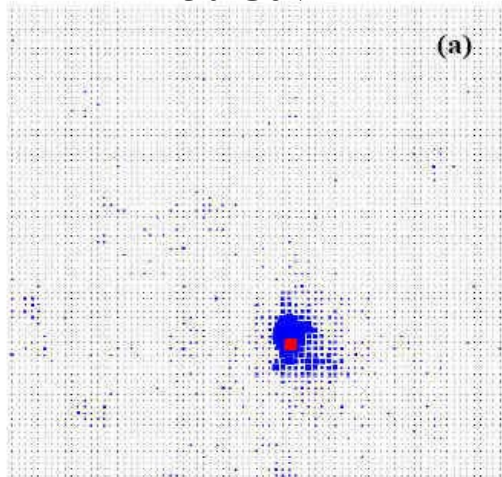
Energy Distribution of Fit Events



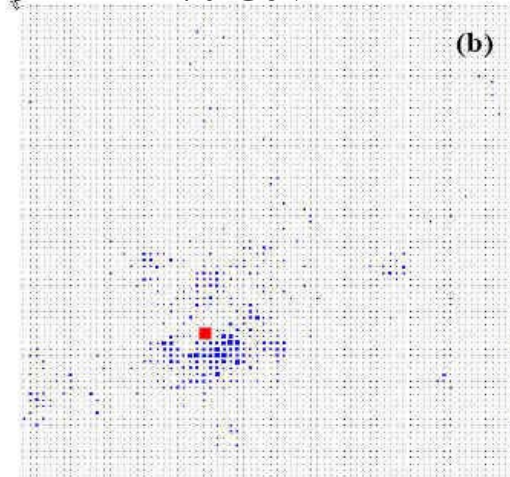
Background Rejection: Bottom Layer

Gamma

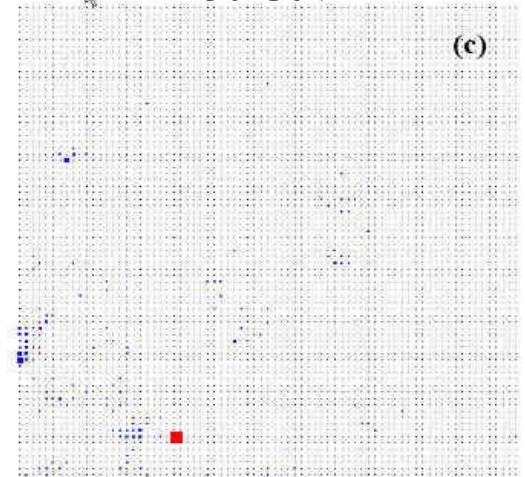
30 GeV



70 GeV

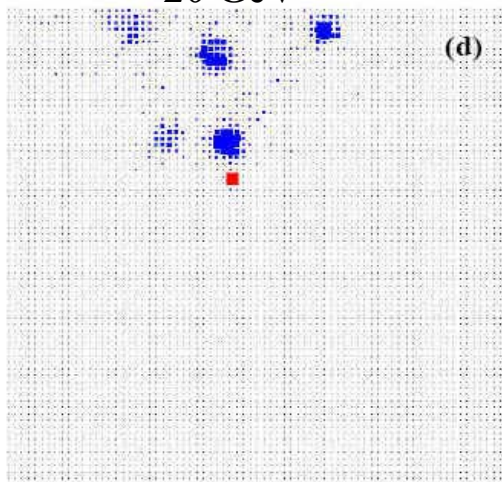


230 GeV

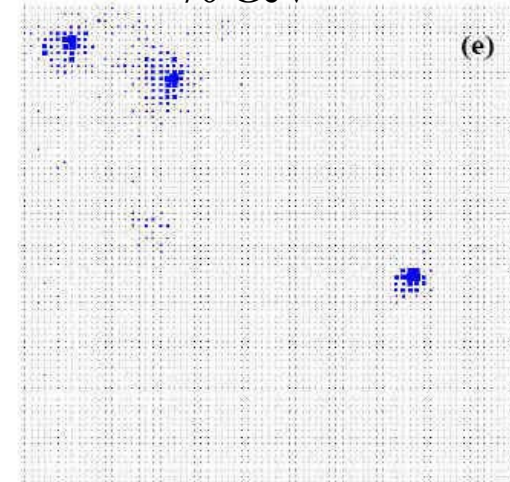


Proton

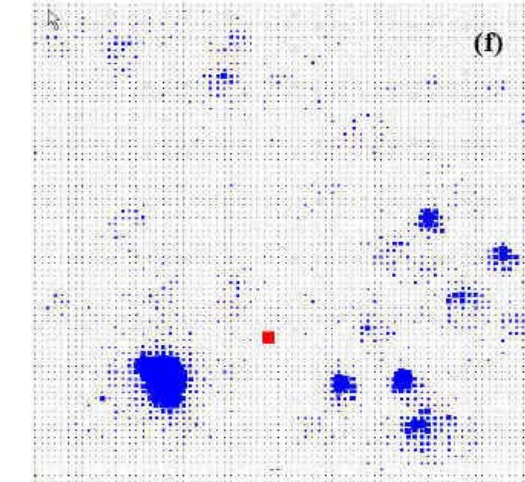
20 GeV



70 GeV



270 GeV



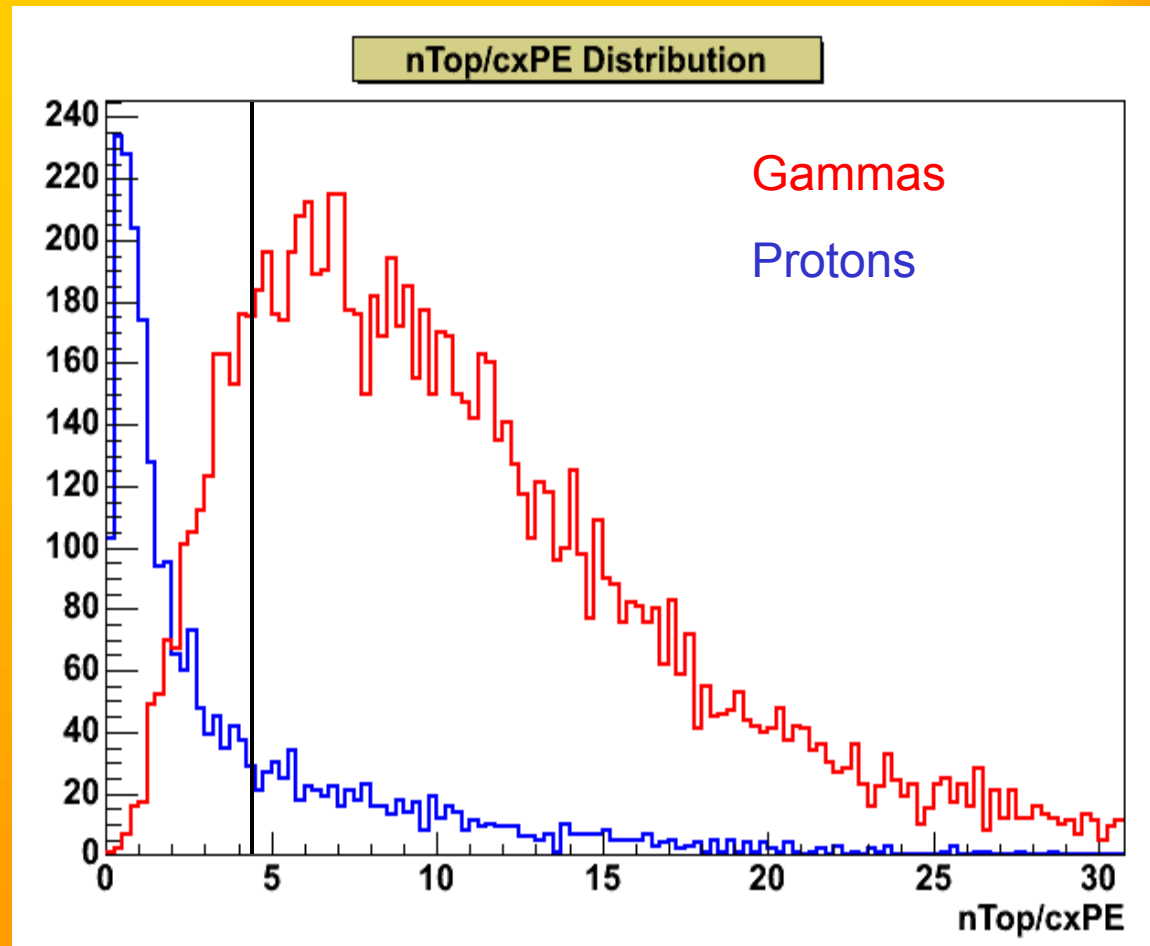
Background Rejection

Uniformity Parameter
 $n_{\text{Top}}/\text{cxPE} > 4.3$

Reject 70% of protons

Accept 87% of gammas

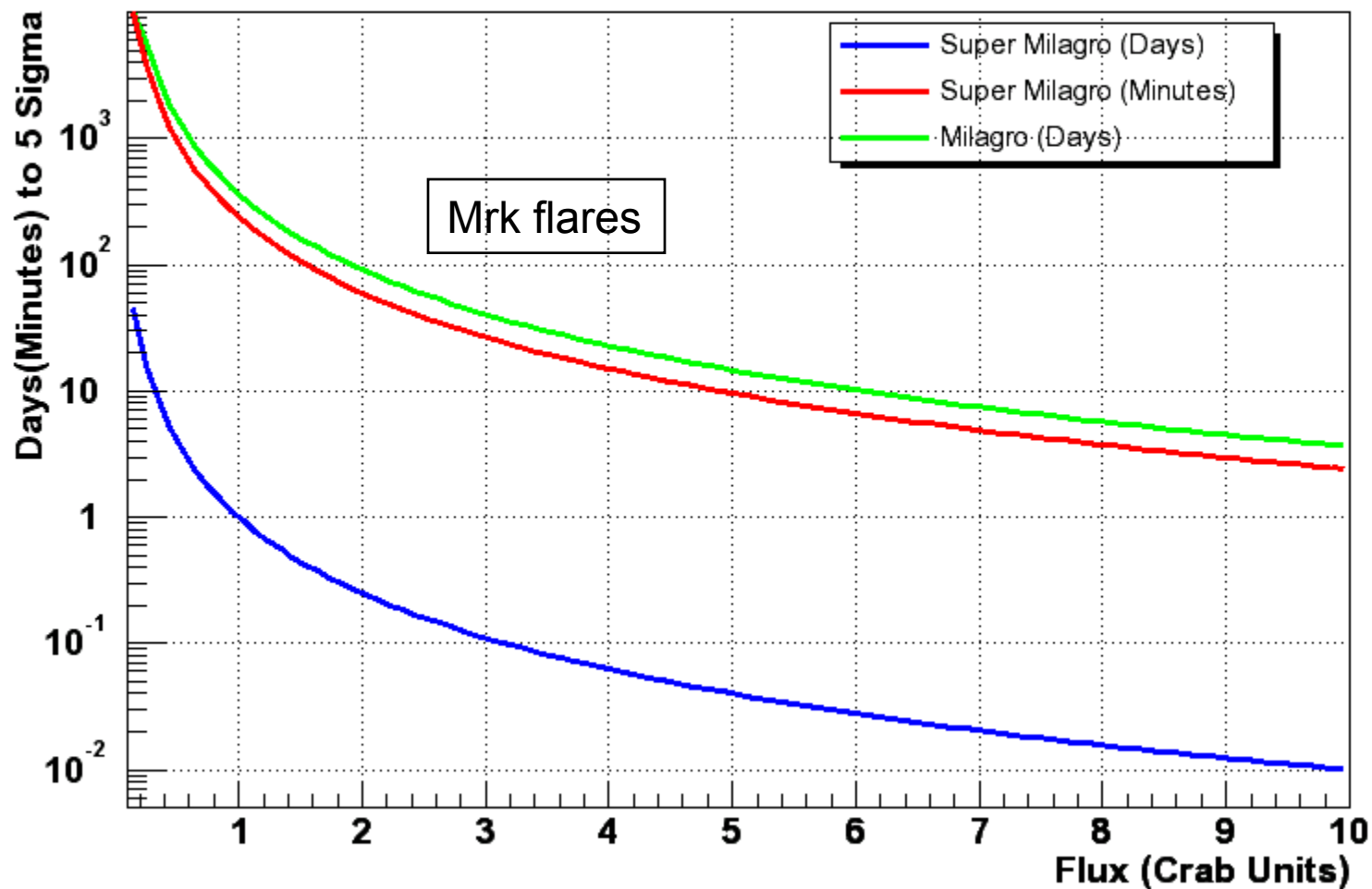
1.6x improvement in
sensitivity



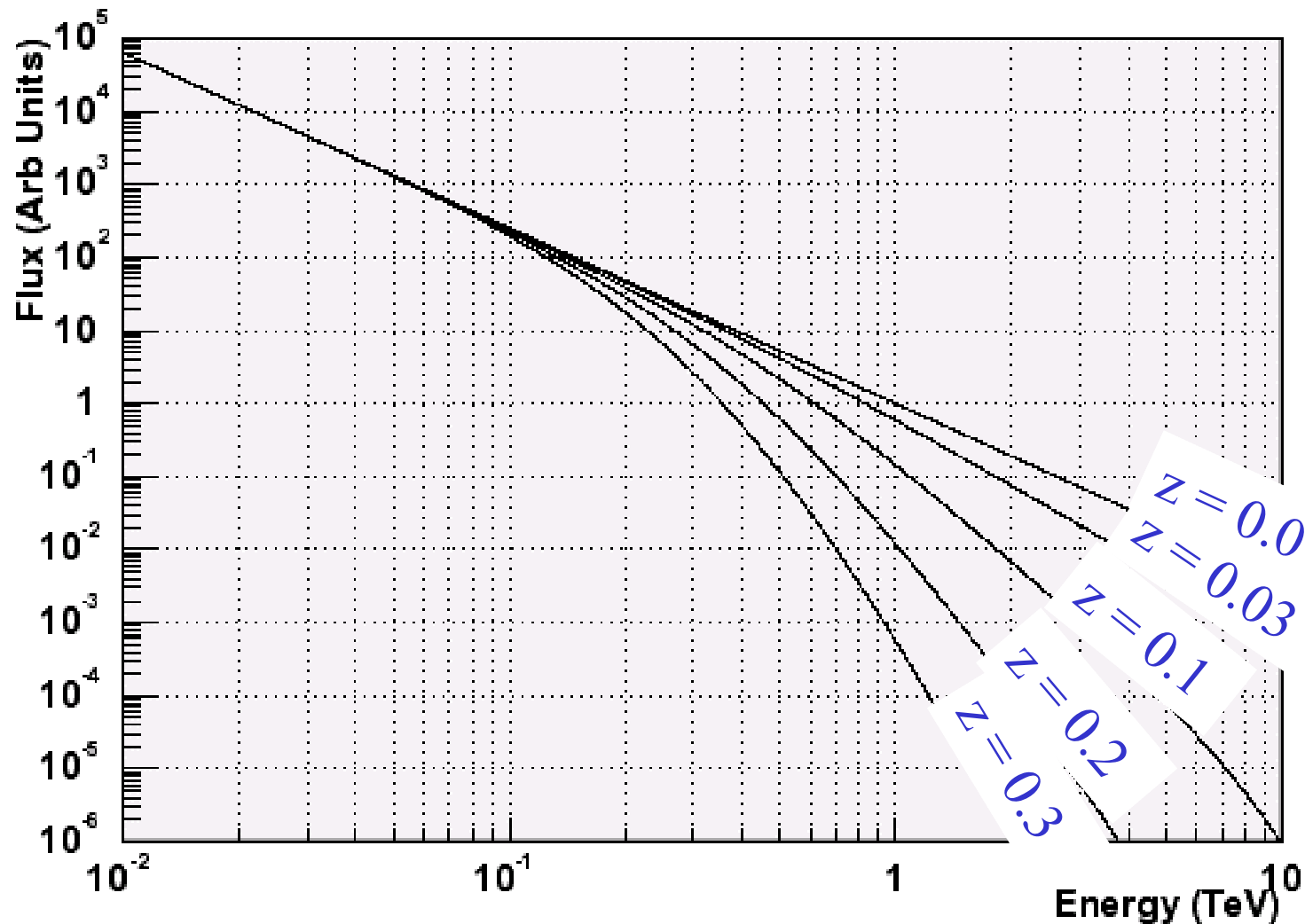
D.C. Sensitivity: Galactic Sources

- “Crab” Spectrum: $dN/dE = 3.2 \times 10^{-7} E^{-2.49}$
 - Milagro 0.002 (0.001) Hz raw (cut) rate
 - HAWC 0.220 (0.19) Hz raw (cut) rate
 - Whipple 0.025 Hz
 - Veritas 0.5 (.12) Hz raw (cut) rate
- Background rate 80 (24) Hz raw (cut)
- $4 \sigma / \sqrt{\text{\#days}}$ raw data
- $6 \sigma / \sqrt{\text{\#days}}$ cut data
 - $120 \sigma / \sqrt{\text{\#yrs}}$
- 40 mCrab sensitivity (all sky) in one year
 - Whipple: 140 mCrab per source (15 sources/year)
 - VERITAS: 5 mCrab per source (15 sources/year)

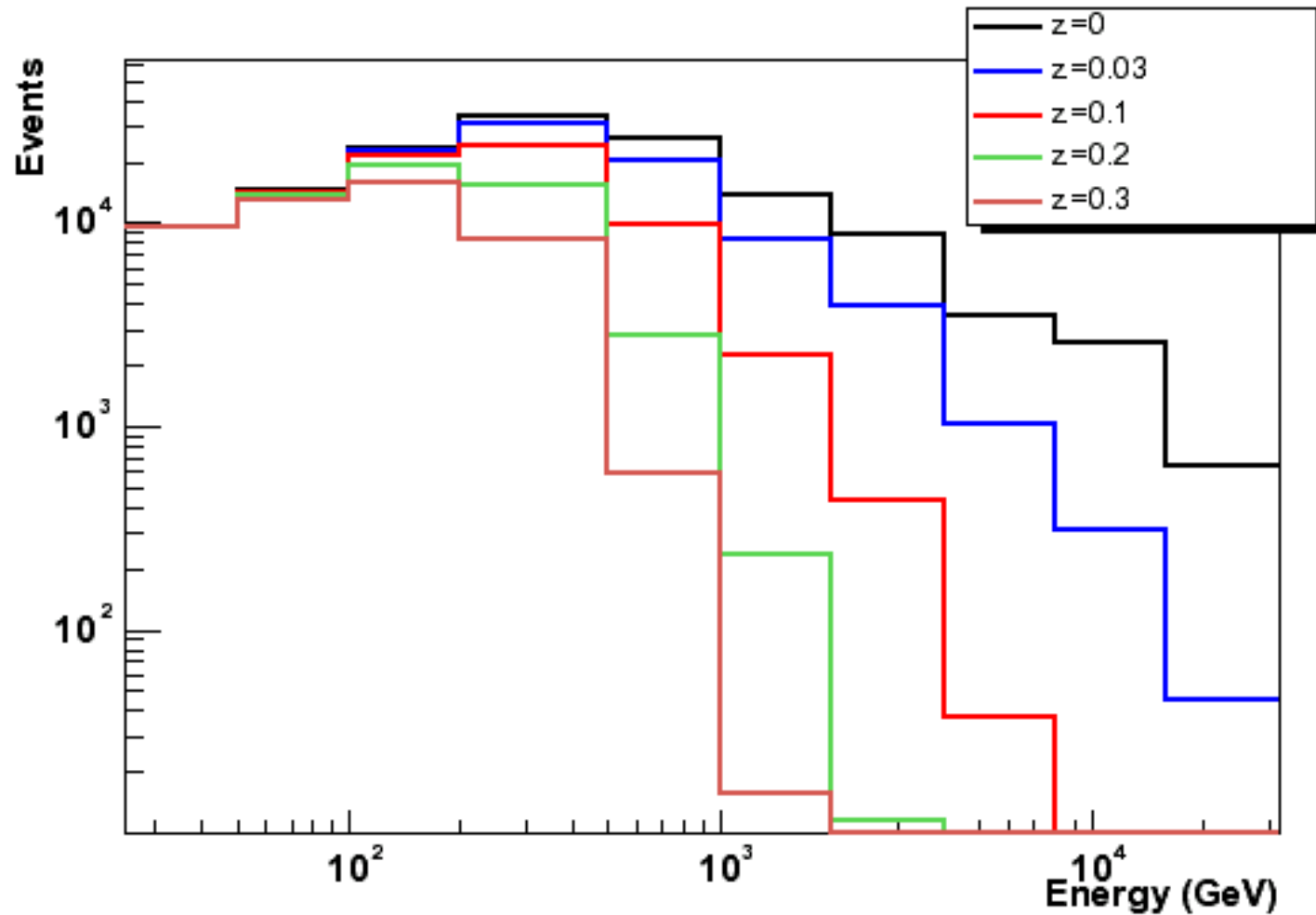
Transient Sensitivity



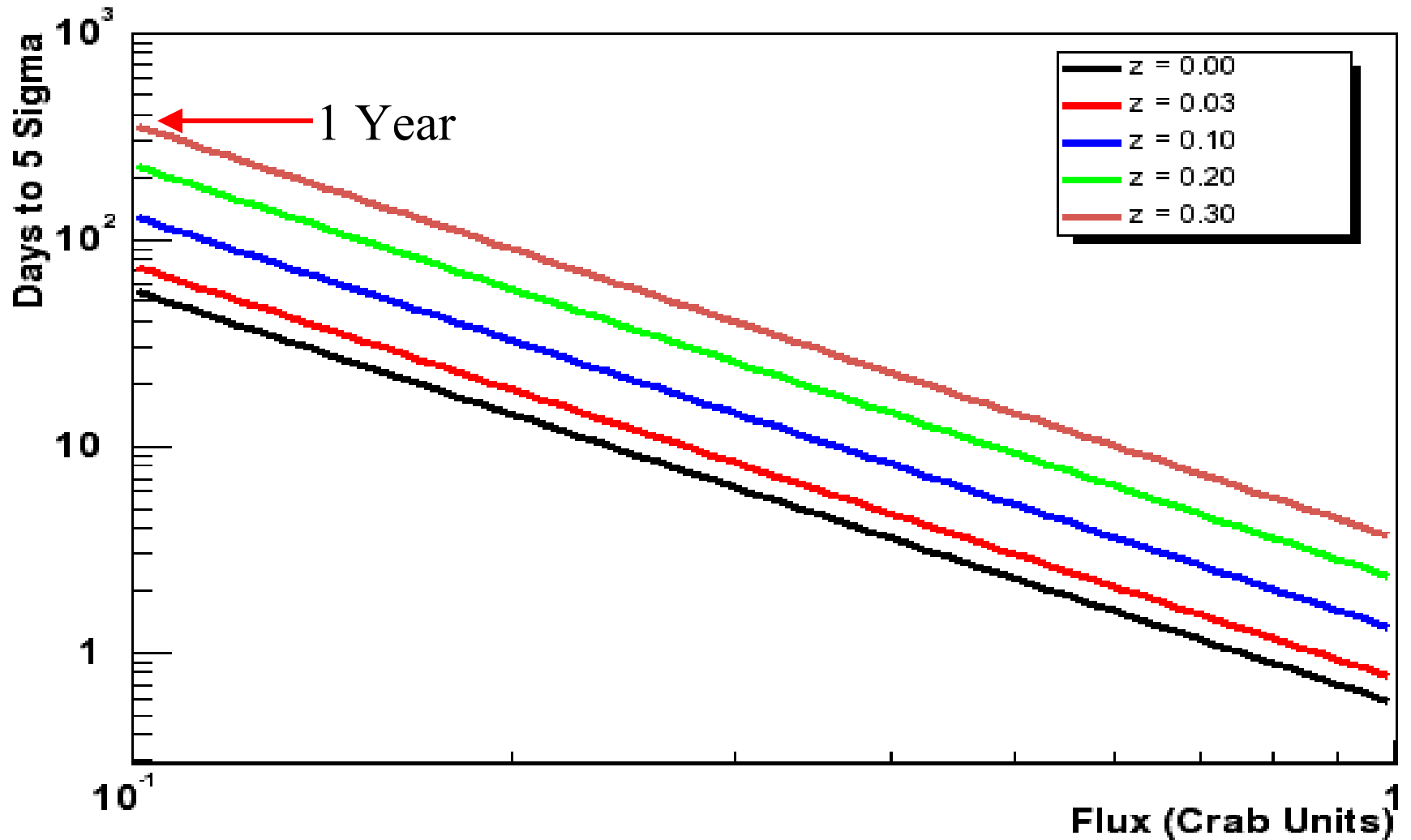
Effect of EBL on Distant Sources



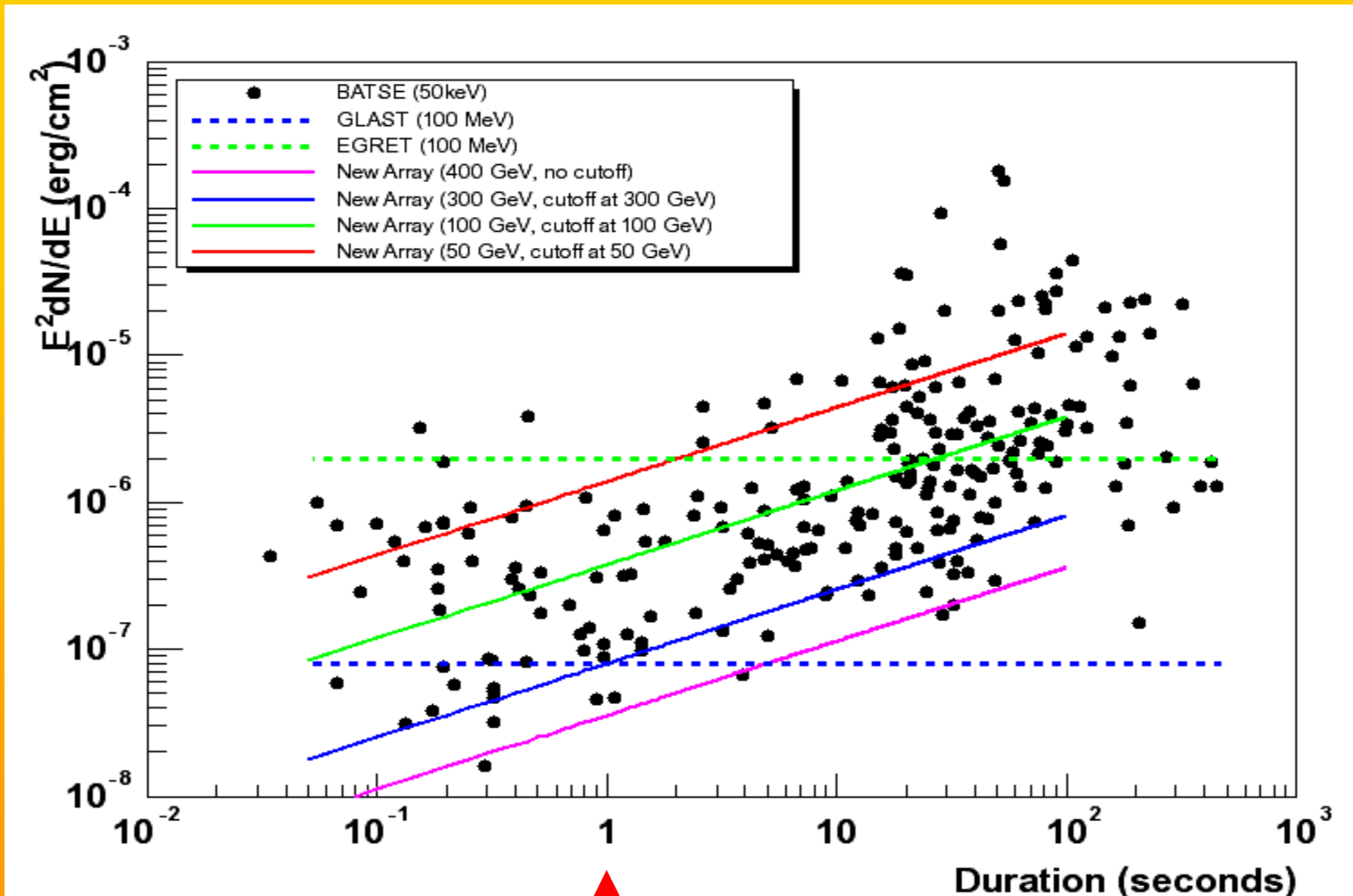
Energy Distribution After EBL



AGN Sensitivity

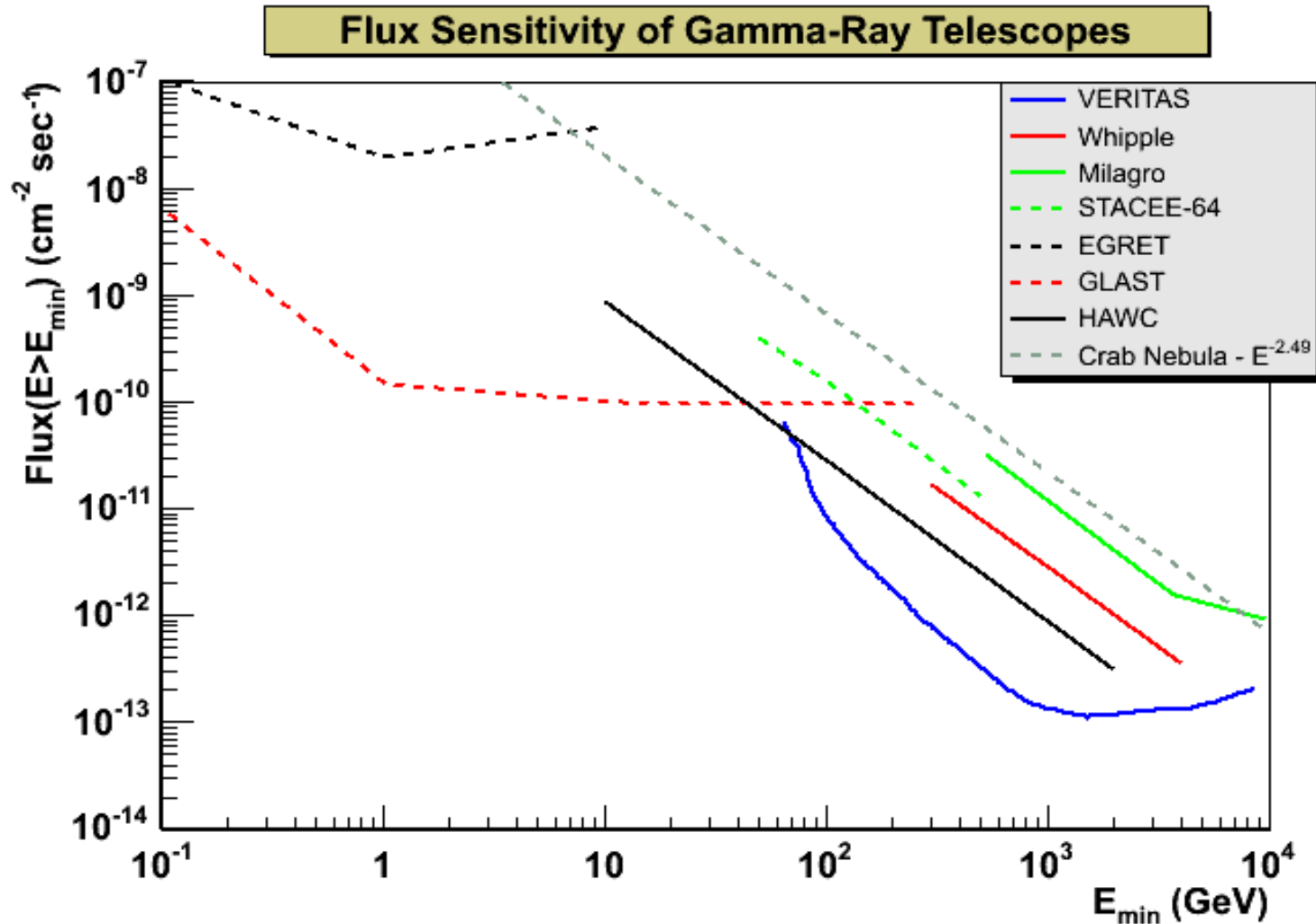


Gamma Ray Burst Sensitivity

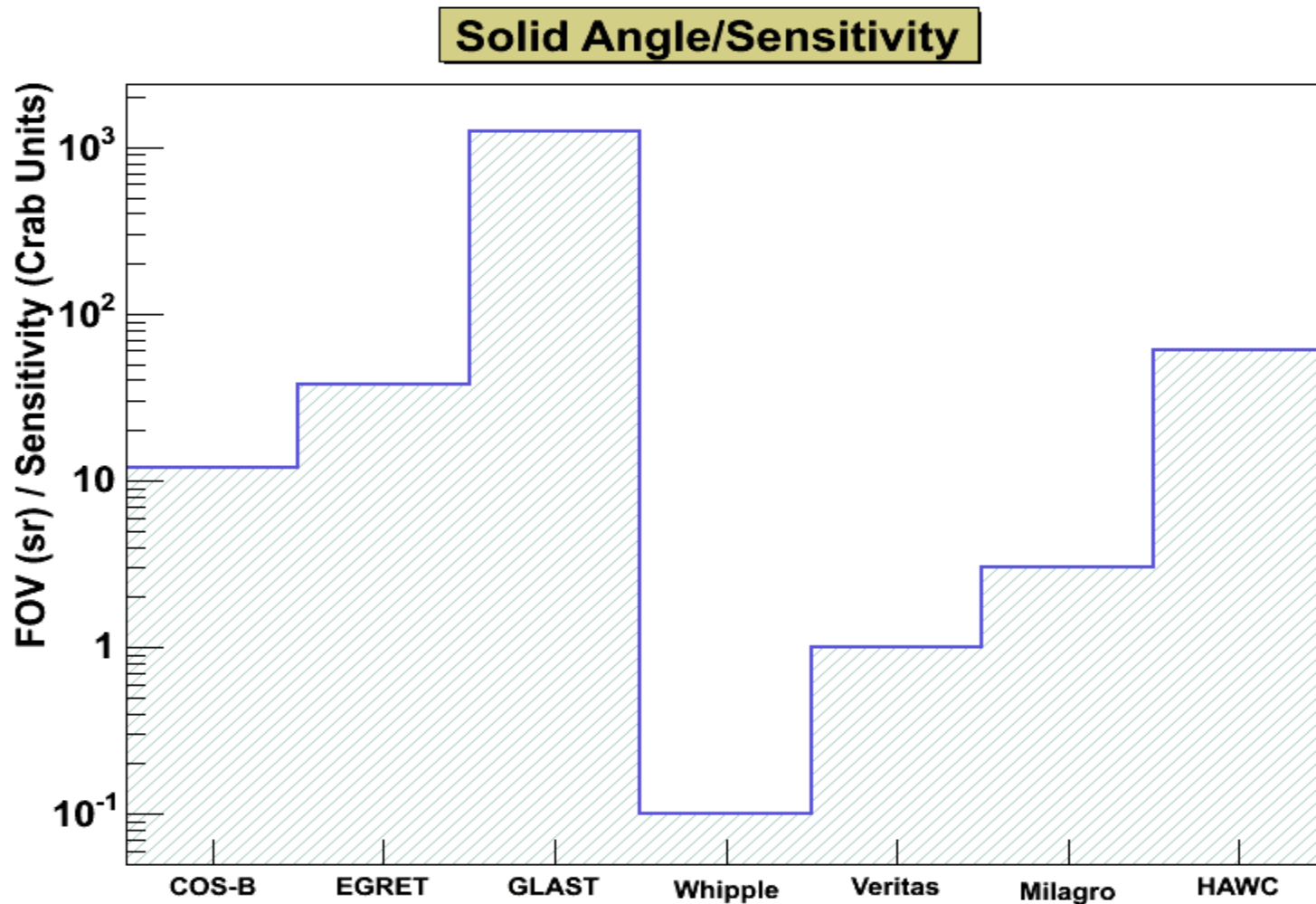


50 events

Point Source Sensitivity



Time Domain Sensitivity



Conclusions

- A large area, high altitude all sky VHE detector will:
 - Detect the Crab in a single transit
 - Detect AGN to $z = 0.3$
 - Observe 15 minute flaring from AGN
 - Detect GRB emission at ~ 50 GeV / redshift ~ 1
 - Detect 6-10 GRBs/year (EGRET 6 in 9 years)
 - Monitor GLAST sources
 - Perform Time Domain Astrophysics in VHE Regime
 - **Extreme States of Extreme Systems**
- Continuing work
 - Improve background rejection & event reconstruction
 - Increase sensitivity by $\sim 50\% - 100\%$?
 - Develop energy estimator
 - Detailed detector design (electronics, DAQ, trigger, infrastructure)
 - Reliable cost estimate needed ($\sim \$30M$???)
 - Site selection (Chile, Tibet, White Mountain)
- Time Line
 - 2004 R&D proposal to NSF & DOE (LANL & UNM)
 - 2006 full proposal to NSF & DOE
 - 2007-2010 construction

Site Visit: YBG 4/1-6

- Excellent location
 - Land available
 - many km² available at 4300m
 - Room at ~4800m
 - Power available (3 MWatts generated in YBJ)
 - Water available
 - Dormitories (“Western rooms”)
- Existing gamma ray detectors
 - AS γ array
 - ARGO detector

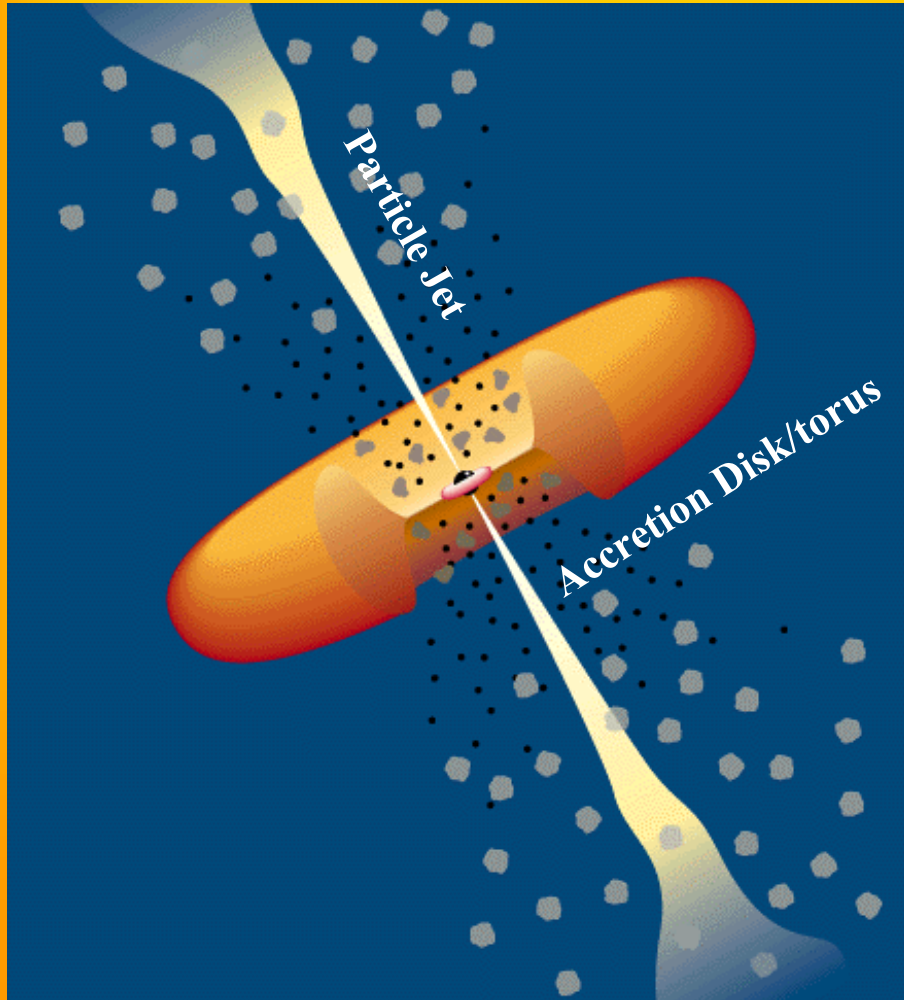




Site Visit: IHEP Beijing

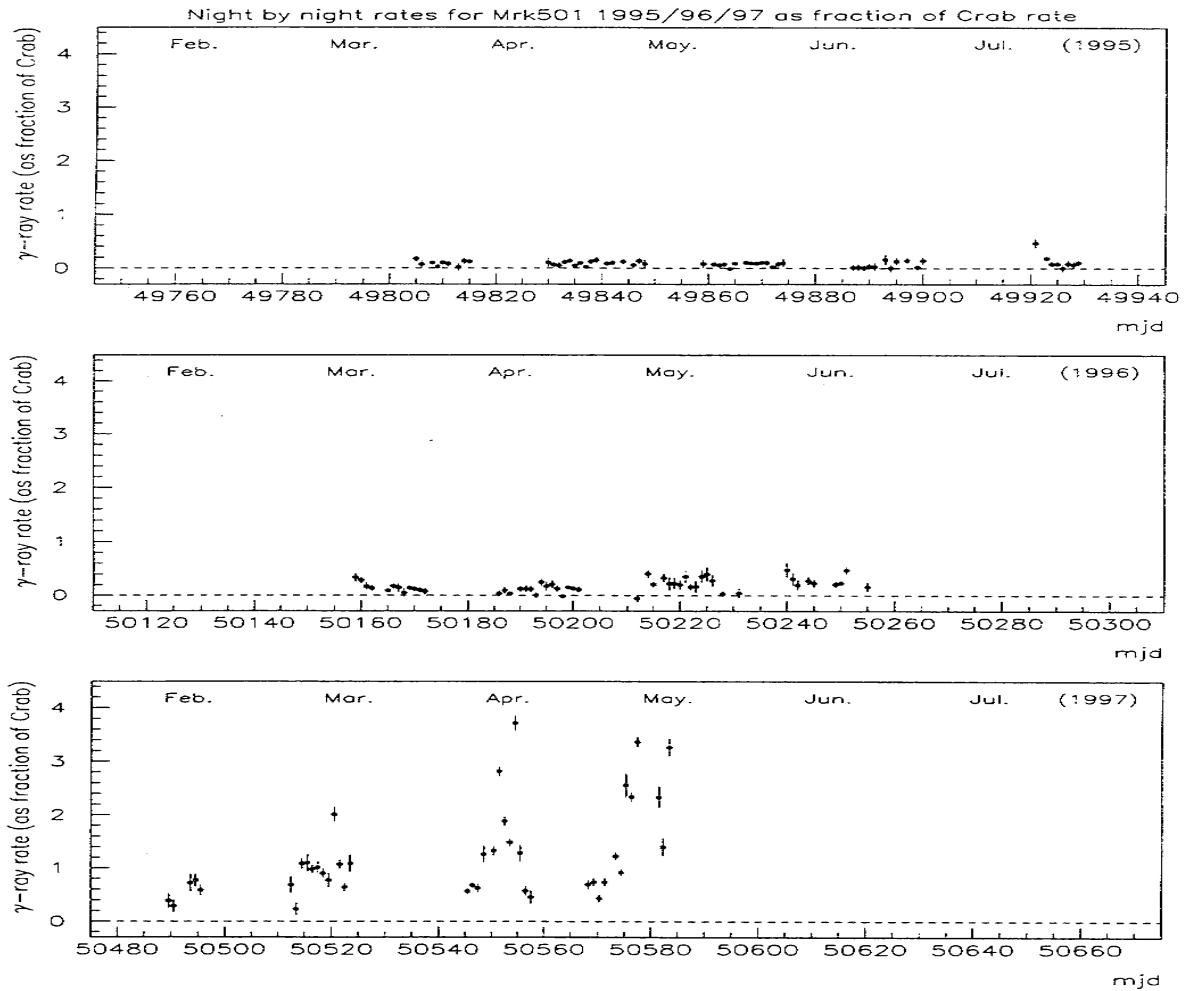
- Scientists excited by project (IHEP and Tibet University)
 - Would like full-scale collaboration
 - Have experience with AS γ and ARGO
- IHEP Director Hesheng Chen enthusiastic about project
 - Committed to provide land, power, water, and people
 - Will provide letter to NSF on request
 - Funds for infrastructure (building, etc) can not be promised at this time
 - They paid ~\$2M for ARGO building/infrastructure

Active Galactic Nuclei

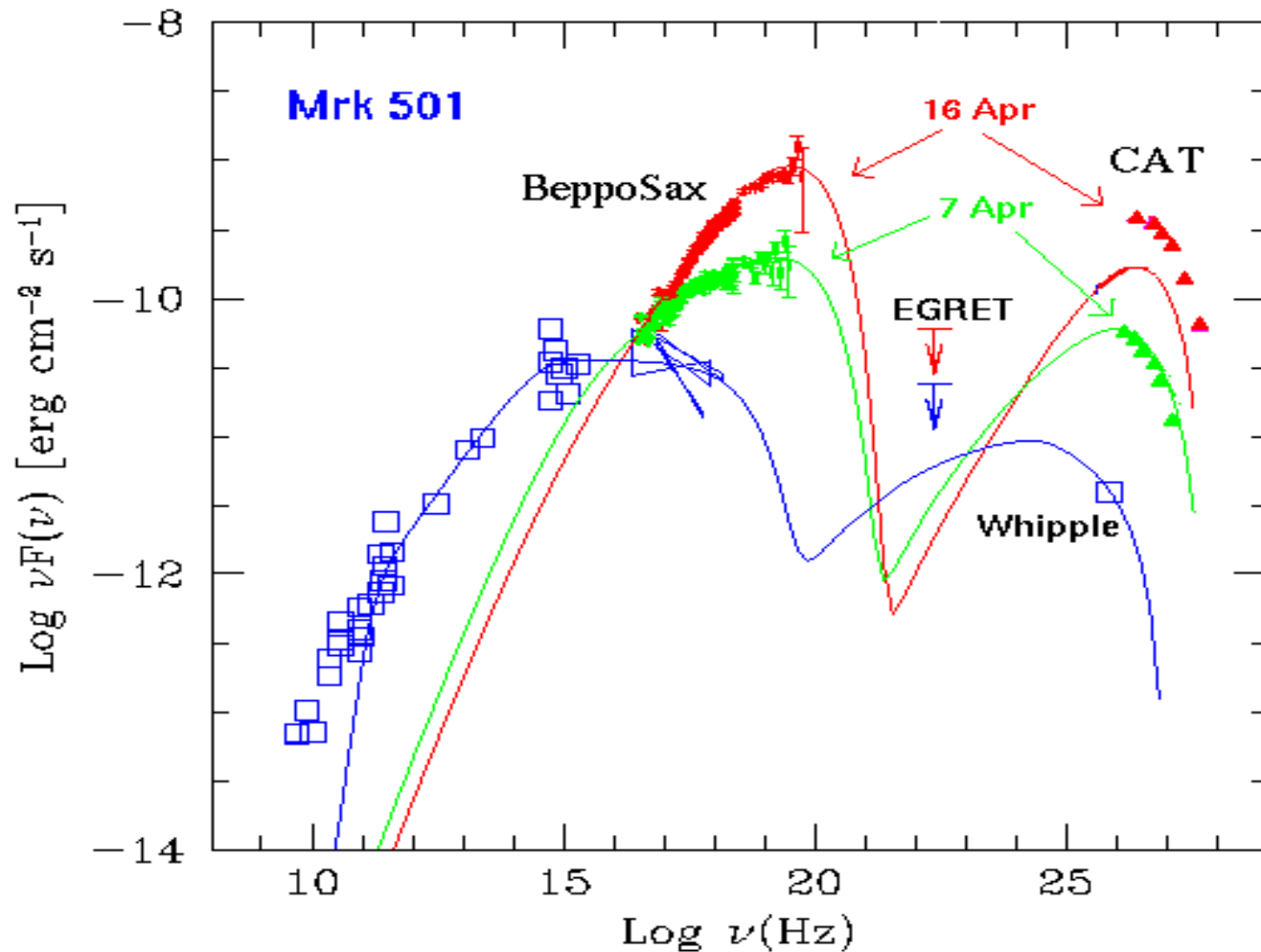


- Supermassive Black Hole
 $10^8\text{-}10 M_{\text{sun}}$
- Rotating magnetic field converts rotational energy of hole into kinetic energy.
- Shocks propagate along jets and accelerate particles.
 $\Gamma \sim 50$
- 10^{48} ergs/sec
- Highly variable in VHE band

Mrk 501 Longterm Variability

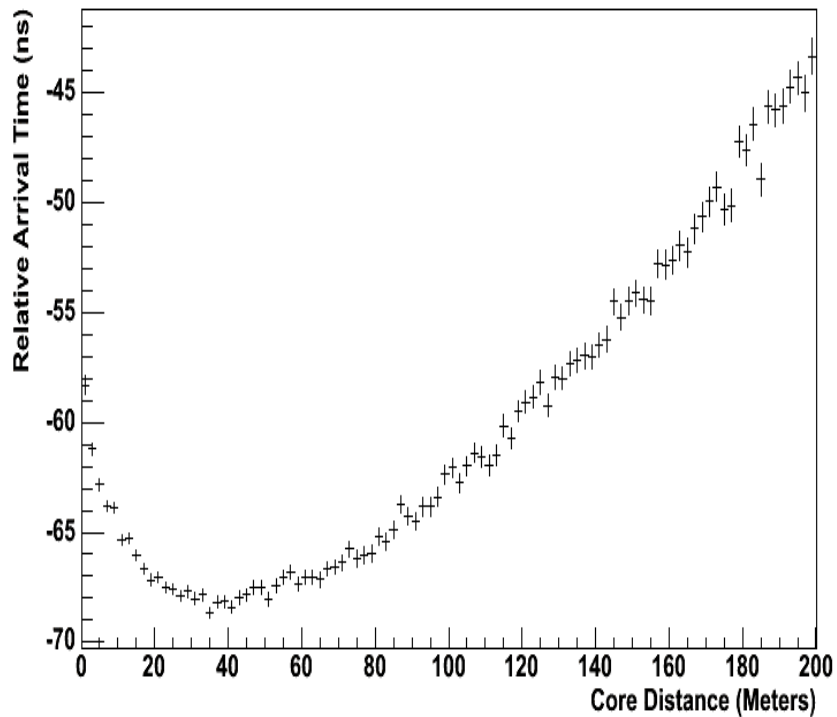


AGN Spectra

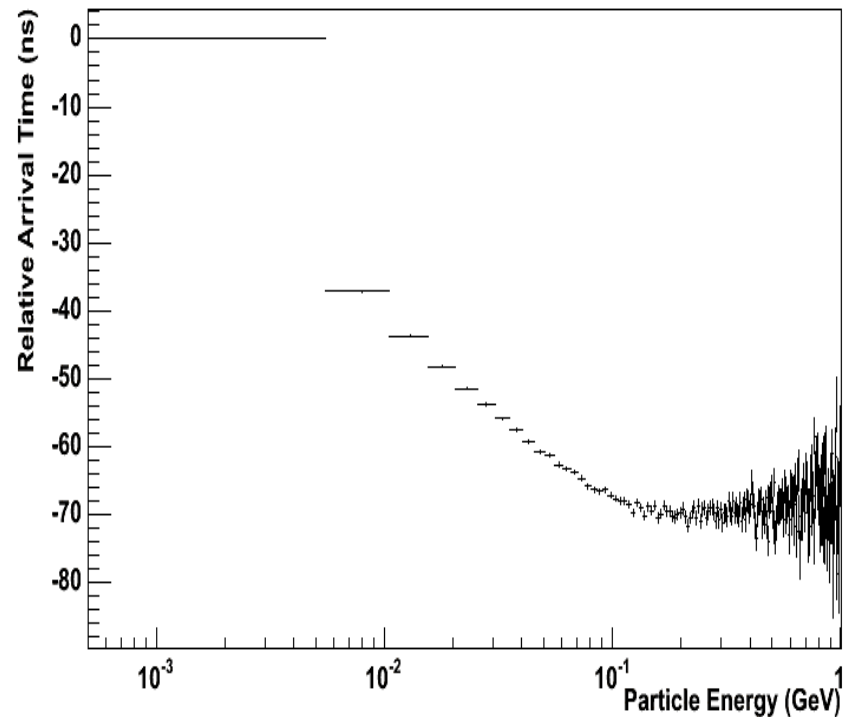


Event Reconstruction

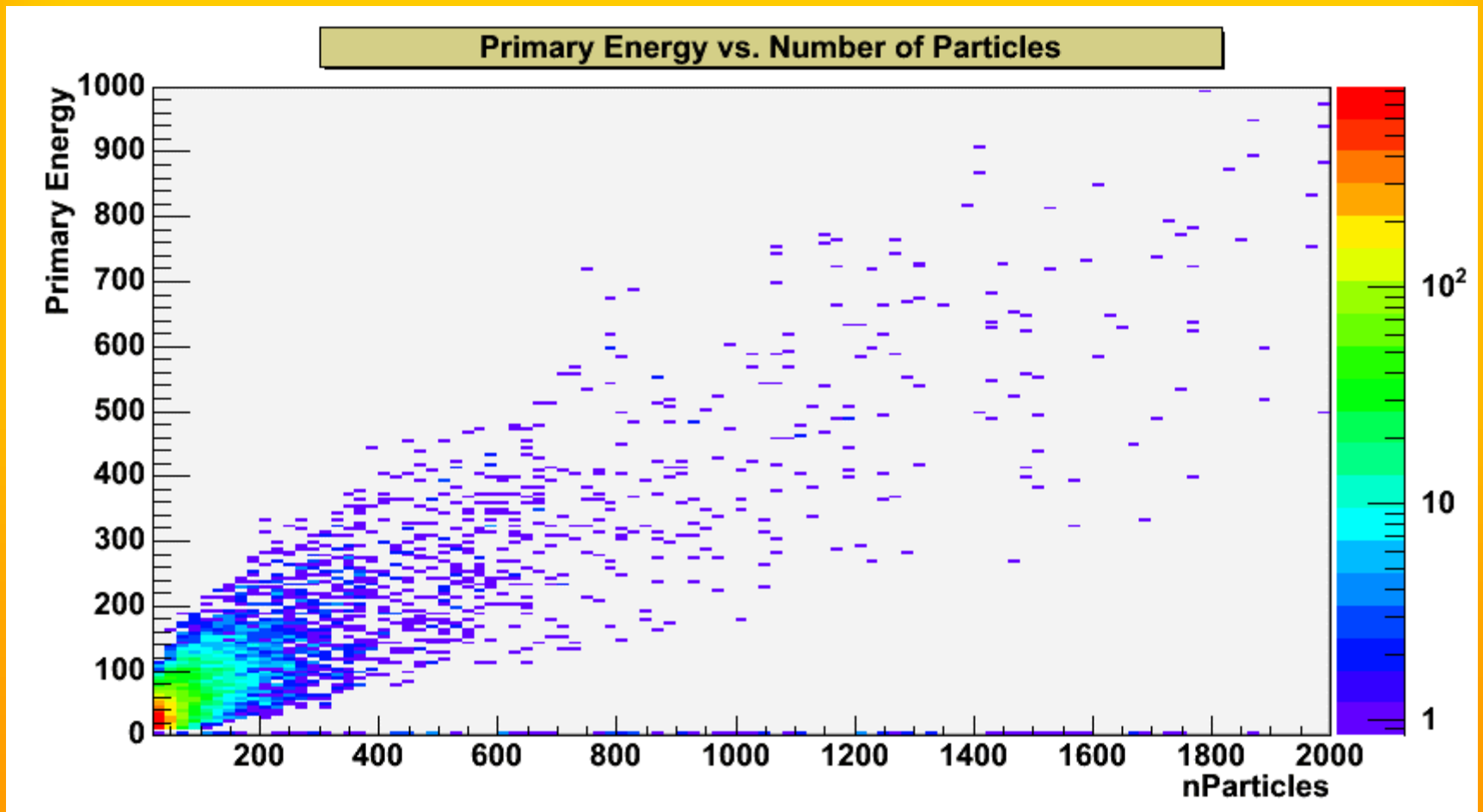
Particle Arrival Time Distribution vs. Core Distance



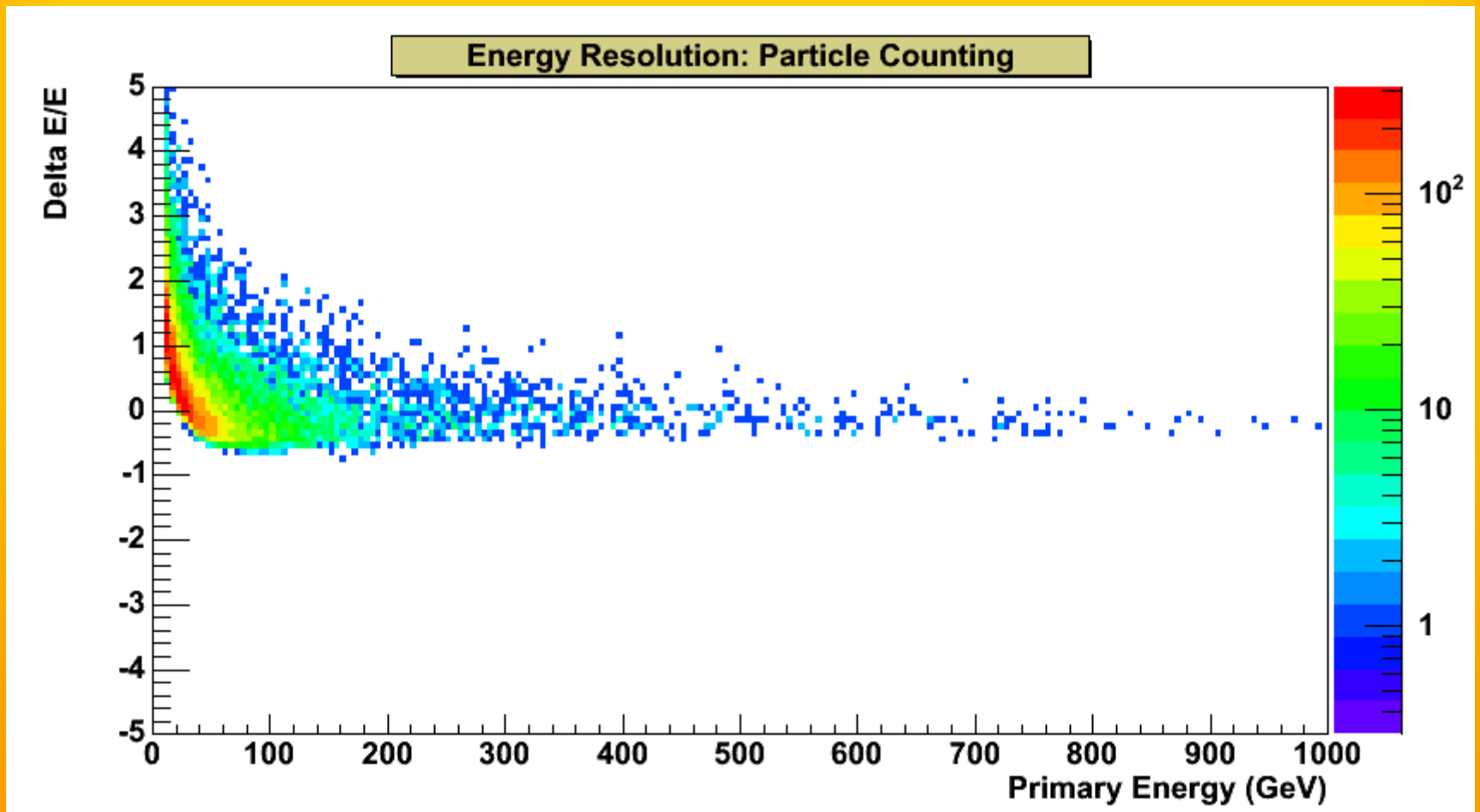
Particle Arrival Time Distribution vs. Energy



CORSIKA: Energy Resolution

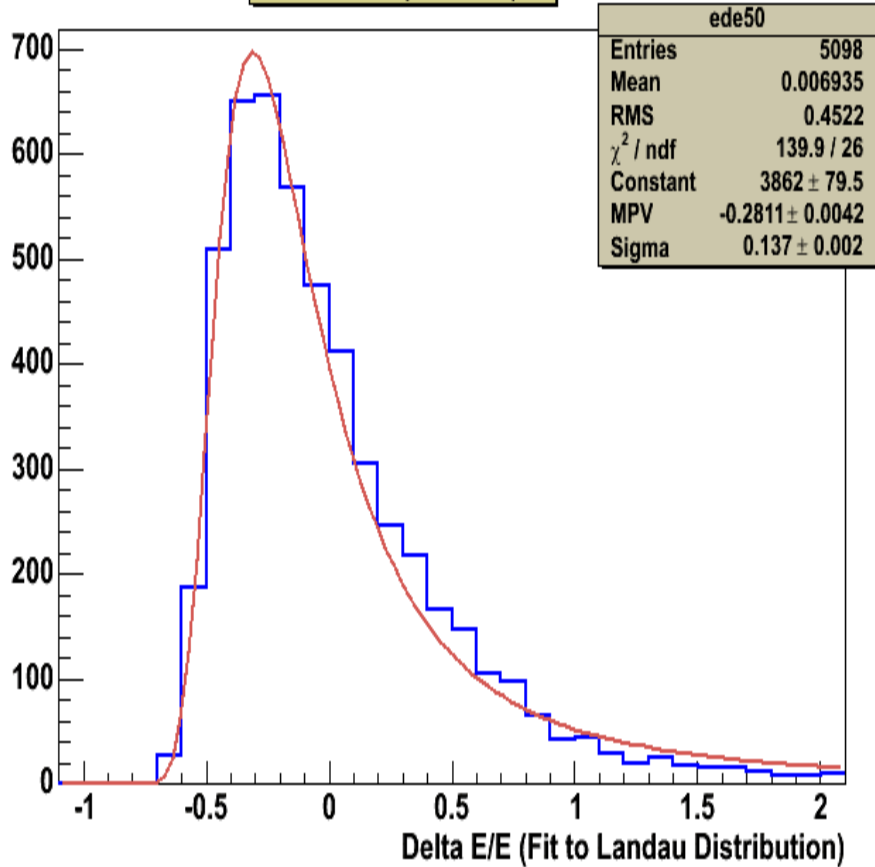


CORSIKA: Energy Resolution



CORSIKA: Energy Resolution

Delta E/E (>50 GeV)



Delta E/E (>300 GeV)

